

A WEAK TICKET.

Weaver the Most Insane Financial Fanatic in the Country, AND THE PRINCE OF DEMAGOGUES.

A Nomination More Favorable to the Republicans Could not Have Been Made--Alliance Men with Republican Predilections Cannot Vote for Him--Even Democrats Could not Bear His Demagogic Actions When He was a Democrat in Congress. The People's Party will Cut no Figure in the Campaign--Fields Unknown and Louke Sailing Under False Colors.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.--"Nomination more favorable to the Republicans could not have been made. The head of the ticket is the very fellow we wanted named." These were the expressions used this afternoon by Senator Paddock, of Nebraska, in expressing himself upon the presidential and vice presidential nominations by the People's party at Omaha last night. Senator Paddock continued: "James B. Weaver, of Iowa, is the prince of demagogues; he endorses every principle in the Democratic catalogue and a good deal more. He is the most insane financial fanatic in the country. His theories beat the most filly views of the author of the sub-treasury scheme. Weaver would destroy our present banking systems, repeal our monetary laws and flood the country with all the wild projects which recklessness and irresponsibility could invent. His colleague on the ticket is an unknown ex-Confederate from Virginia. How any man of intelligence, and especially one who had been clever enough to have voted and acted with the Republicans at any time in his life, could vote for Weaver and Fields, I cannot conceive."

Men in both houses of Congress who represent states or districts in which there are strong Alliance organizations freely expressed the opinion that the controlling spirits in the Omaha convention had an eye more to individuals than principles in making their nominations, as no intelligent voter can be deceived by the platform adopted into voting for the candidates named.

A RELY DODGE.

It is here thought that the principal object in view in selecting men for the places on the ticket who served in the two great armies during the late war was more to harmonize the sectional feeling within the Alliance than to add strength to the ticket. The ticket will cut no figure in the Democratic ranks in the South, in view of the present efforts of the Bourbons to detract attention from the real issues of the campaign by raising the cry against the "force bill." It is not believed that any man in the Alliance ranks who has ever been a Republican can be deceived into the support of such rank Democrats as Weaver and Fields. While in Congress Weaver was a recognized Democrat, pure and simple, but his demagoguery was at times exasperating, even to the dull-est man in his party.

RELIEVED OF DOUBT.

From a Republican point of view the nominations are both extremely fortunate, and will relieve the coming contest of the doubt which might have been created had real farmers or recent Republicans been named. Republicans from the Alliance states and those representing large labor constituencies are congratulating themselves that the People's party have exposed their character in the nominations made at Omaha. The records of the candidates told the story so well that it will not be necessary in the campaign to refer to the People's party platform or the persons who head that ticket.

It is stated that Representative Henderson, of Iowa, will presently take occasion to uncover the private and public records of Weaver, and that he will do it upon the floor of the house, so that the country will know the kind of person the People's party has been duped into giving a certificate of respectability.

WASN'T A SOLDIER

South Dakota statesmen to-day commented freely on the character of their fellow citizen, H. L. Loucks, who is now at the head of the Farmers' Alliance and who cut a conspicuous figure in the Omaha convention. Loucks was referred to in the regular press reports of the convention as "a one-legged veteran." It transpires that Loucks first saw this country but ten or eleven years ago, and during the war was at his home in Canada, where he sympathized with the confederacy. He lost his leg from disease, not long ago in Dakota. Senator Pettigrew said this of Loucks this afternoon.

THE SILVER FIGHT.

The Struggle Opens in the House with a Skirmish--What Suspension Day May Bring Forth.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.--The struggle over the bill for the free coinage of silver which passed the senate last week opened in the house to-day. It was more of a skirmish than a battle which wasted the time of the lower branch of Congress, and again showed that ex-Speaker Reed was right when he said that a minority could render the house powerless to transact business under its present rules. The issue to-day was joined as soon as the free coinage bill was taken from the speaker's table. Its natural reference would, of course, have been to the committee on coinage, weights and measures, of which "Silver Dollar" Bland, of Missouri, is chairman.

Gen. Tracy, of New York, the Democrat who so successfully led the last fight in the house against the Bland free coinage bill, again assumed the leadership by moving to refer the Stewart bill to the committee on banking and currency, of which Mr. Bacon, of New York, is chairman and an anti-silver man. The issue was thus apparently joined, but the house was unable to reach the issue. For hours it saw-sawed between motions to adjourn and calls

the house necessitated by the absence of a quorum, and after wasting the afternoon in this ineffectual manner, in which weariness and despair, without reaching any definite results, an adjournment was taken until to-morrow. Then the fight will be renewed probably upon somewhat different lines.

SUSPENSION DAY.

General Catchings, of Mississippi, one of the members of the committee on rules, said to the INTELLIGENCER correspondent to-day: "Our committee will meet to-morrow morning and we will then report favorably the resolution to make Thursday a suspension day. We do not fear much filibustering against that motion since, under the rules, all motions after the first motion to adjourn, can be considered dilatory by the speaker, and therefore out of order. The primary purpose of making Thursday suspension day is to pass three tariff reform bills; namely, the tin plate bill; the silver-lead ore bill, and the bill restricting the importation of clothing by returning tourists to \$100."

It is doubtful if the free silver men propose to avail themselves of suspension day if the resolution making Thursday such a day prevails in the house to-morrow. To pass the silver bill under a suspension of the rules on Thursday appears impossible, as it is certain, so far as previous votes would indicate, that the free silver men cannot muster the two-thirds vote of the house, which will be necessary to pass bills on Thursday.

A SIGN OF WEAKNESS.

It is doubtless because the free silver men recognize that at the best they can only control a majority of the house, that Mr. Pierce, of Tennessee, introduced a resolution of last Saturday to modify rule 20; that a bill can be passed under a suspension of the rules by only a majority vote. The contest to-day showed some changes in the lines of the two forces since the Bland bill was up. Mr. Hartor said to-day: "The contest to-day has brought out the fact that we will not get much help from the Republican members in opposing the bill. They are following no concerted movement, but are voting according to their personal inclinations on each move."

BLIND UNEASY.

He Strikes a Snag and is Suspicious of a Pitfall.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.--Every body in the House this morning was discussing the prospects of the silver bill. It is clear that Representative Culberson, the chairman of the judiciary committee, has discomfited his free silver friends by his statement that the senate bill would destroy the legal tender character of the treasury notes issued under the terms of the act of 1890, which the bill repeals. The result of that declaration has been to create a division among the free silver men. A number of them, including Mr. Bland himself, accept Mr. Culberson's opinion and believe that the bill will have to be amended to cure the defect. On the other hand a large number, probably a majority of the Democrats and no inconsiderable number of Republicans, take issue with Chairman Culberson's view and hold that the bill does not in any way affect the treasury notes. These opinions do not satisfy Mr. Bland, who is evidently under the suspicion that his political enemies are digging a pit for his feet by facilitating the passage of a bill which the President might veto without committing himself on the merits of the question.

Mr. Bland said as to this object that the President would not veto the bill upon any such indictment as a possible legal construction of one of its provisions, but with his usual directness he cut straight to it with his disapproval because it was a free coinage bill. The broaching of this legal question has the effect to cause some members to talk of referring that feature of the bill to the judiciary committee for examination and report, but that it is probable that this will come to nothing and the coinage committee will be left to deal with the matter in its own fashion.

Mr. Bland, the chairman, has called a special meeting for to-morrow at 10 o'clock and will try to force the fight. The anti-silver Democrats will not wait to make the fight in committee but have already begun to obstruct the bill by striving to have it referred to various committees supposed to be hostile to the measure. They have not been able as yet to get any assurances of support from the senators and are extremely anxious as to the outcome. With the aid of the Republicans in a refusal to vote a quorum could probably be broken and action upon the bill be indefinitely postponed. But the Republicans are maintaining an air of reserve, and are not giving any comfort to the anti-silver Democrats. There has been no conference among them, but many of them said this morning that in the absence of any programme, they shall vote against the bill so as to go on record and will not assist in any other obstructive movement.

The committee on rules of the house did not meet this morning, but will try to get together to-morrow. Mr. Catchings said that so far the majority of the committee has not had any conference respecting the settlement of the silver bill and he is not prepared now to say whether the committee will require a petition signed by the majority of the Democrats before they will report a special order for its consideration.

THE SENATE.

Mr. Berry Stirring up Sectionalism--The G. A. R. Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.--Mr. Berry, in a speech in the senate to-day on Mr. Hale's resolution as to the tariff policies of the two parties, expressed his conviction that the force bill would be the principal issue in the campaign, and warned the people of the country against being deluded into the hope that it was not the purpose of the Republican party, if successful, to press that legislation.

The only other subject of interest that occupied the attention of the senate to-day was the disputation in conference over the item inserted in the district appropriation bill by the senate appropriating \$100,000 for the entertainment of the G. A. R. at its encampment next September. There was about an hour's discussion of that question, and finally there was a vote on it which showed a majority of nine in favor of insisting on the item. There was not, however, a quorum voting, but Mr. Allison, the chairman, accepted the vote as a sufficient indication of the sense of the senate on the subject, and a further conference was agreed to.

LYNCHED BY A MOB.

Edgar Jones, the Murderer of Michael Tierney, at Weston,

HANGED EARLY THIS MORNING

By a Gang of Masked Men at Two O'clock--The Excitement Growing Out of the Murder Would not Down and in Spite of Father Tracy's Efforts the Prisoner is Taken from the Jail and Hanged on the Street--The Body Riddled With Bullets--The Town in a State of Excitement.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WESTON, July 6, 3:30 A. M.--The excitement here in the murder case of young Tierney on July 4 grew to a white heat to-day and every arrangement was made to lynch the colored murderer, Edgar Jones. This would have been done last night but for the entreaty of Rev. Father Tracy, who stayed it off until 2 o'clock this morning, when the mob became unmanageable. A masked gang of about twenty-five men repaired to the jail, and with heavy crowbars pried the heavy iron door open to Jones' cell and quietly took him to the iron bridge spanning the West Fork river near the Bailey House on Second street. A rope was adjusted about his neck and secured to the iron guard rail. The command was given and over he swung at exactly 2:05 a. m., just five minutes after being taken out of jail. The second command was to fire, whereupon not less than two dozen bullets pierced his body. The mob was then ordered to disband, and in no time everything was as quiet as if nothing had happened. The town now, however, at 3 o'clock, is waking up, and the excitement is growing intense. Tierney, the murdered young man, will be taken to Sand Fork for burial at 5 a. m. His friends would not take his body to their last resting place until the job was complete.

THE BIG LABOR WAR

Goes Merrily on With Little Hope of a Cessation of Hostilities.

PITTSBURGH, July 5.--The big labor war goes merrily on. The trend of events to-day shows no indication of a cessation of hostilities. Outside of the Homestead feature of the immense conflict that is now being waged between capital and labor, the local interest is centered in the adjourned conference to-morrow between the manufacturers of the Pittsburgh district and the Amalgamated Association. Considerable apprehension is felt among those directly interested that it will end in the same fruitless manner as the two previous meetings. This fear is based on the tenacity of the two sides, notwithstanding the intense general anxiety for a settlement.

The committee appointed to represent the Amalgamated Association possess only limited powers. They have received their final instructions, and will therefore insist upon the adoption of the scale as originally presented by that organization. Yet if the manufacturers show a disposition to treat with their workmen their propositions will receive consideration before there is a final refusal or acceptance. From the stand taken by the manufacturers since the last conference, it is believed they will make little if any concessions. The position they took at previous meetings will be reaffirmed.

In an interview with a number of manufacturers during the last few days, all seemed united in a fight against the new scale of the Amalgamated Association. They state it is impossible to sign the present wage list because they cannot afford it. They would sooner allow their mills to remain idle and pay the taxes. The signatures to the Amalgamated scale are coming in but very slowly from over the country. Two were received to-day. They came from the west and included the Detroit Sugar Company and the West Duluth (Minn.) Manufacturing Company. It is estimated that the shut down in this city alone will cause a loss in earnings of over \$500,000 a week.

AT HOMESTEAD.

Affairs Assume an Ugly Phase--Deputy Sheriff's Shipped Back Home--Trouble Feared and Citizens Uneasy.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 5.--Affairs at Homestead have assumed an ugly phase and serious trouble is apprehended. Yesterday H. C. Frick, chairman of the Carnegie Steel Company, appealed to Sheriff McCleary for protection, and in compliance with the request ten deputies were sent to the scene this afternoon. They were met at the station by 2,000 workmen and quietly escorted to the steam tug Edna and ordered to return to the city. Previous to sending the deputies to Homestead, Sheriff McCleary and ex-Sheriffs Clulley and Gray as chief deputies, paid a visit to the works.

After a thorough inspection of the plant, Sheriff McCleary called upon the advisory committee of the Amalgamated Association and stated that while he did not see any reason to place deputies about the works, he would be compelled to do so. The committee protested against the appointment of strangers and offered to furnish sufficient men to guard the company's property, agreeing to give bonds in the sum of \$5,000 or \$10,000 each for the faithful performance of their duties.

The sheriff said he could not accept the offer and would dispatch his own men to Homestead immediately upon their arrival in the city. Sheriff McCleary then posted the following proclamation:

To Whom It May Concern:

WHEREAS, It has come to my knowledge that certain persons have congregated and assembled at and near the works of the Carnegie Steel Company (limited), in Millin township, Allegheny county, Pa., and upon the roads and highways leading to the same, and that such persons have interfered with workmen employed in said works, ob-

taining access to the same; that certain persons have made threats to employes going to and from said works, and have threatened that if the owners of said works attempt to run the same the property will be injured and destroyed.

Now, I, William H. McCleary, high sheriff of said county, do hereby notify and warn all persons that all the acts enumerated are unlawful and that the persons engaged in the same are liable to arrest and punishment, and I further command all persons from congregating or assembling as aforesaid, and from interfering with the workmen, business or operation of said works, and in all respects to observe the peace, and to retire to their respective houses and places of residence, as the right of the workmen to work and the right of the owners to operate their works will be fully protected, and in case of failure to observe these instructions, all persons will be dealt with according to law.

(Signed) WM. H. MCCLEARY, Sheriff of Allegheny county, Pa. After the departure of the sheriff, the advisory committee disbanded as an organized board of control, as the members said they would not be responsible for what might follow the appearance of armed deputies upon the scene.

What followed the arrival of the deputies is told above. When the men had disposed of them, the tore down the sheriff's proclamation.

The excitement in the town to-night is intense. The men are very bitter and in a threatening mood.

It was reported that another posse had been ordered from this city, but up to midnight, they had not arrived. To-morrow the men will go into court and ask that Chairman Frick be restrained from taking measures that will result disastrously to the quiet and peace of Homestead.

This is an entirely new feature in labor troubles and the action of the court will be awaited with interest.

Telegrams were also sent to the sheriff to-night begging him not to send any deputies as they were not needed. The appeal of Mr. Frick to the sheriff, is as follows:

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 4, 1892. William H. McCleary, High Sheriff of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania:

DEAR SIR:--Will you please take notice that at and in the vicinity of our works in Millin township, near Homestead, Allegheny county, Pa., and upon the highways leading thereto, from all directions, bodies of men have collected, we assume to and do prevent access to our employes to and egress from our property, and from threats openly made we have reasonable cause to apprehend that an attempt will be made to collect a mob and to destroy or damage our property aforesaid, and to prevent us from its use and enjoyment.

This property consists of mills, buildings, workshops, machinery, and other personal property. We therefore call upon you as sheriff of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, to protect our property from violence, damage, and destruction, and to protect us in its free use and enjoyment. (Signed.)

THE CARNEGIE STEEL COMPANY (limited).

By H. C. Frick, Chairman; CARNEGIE, PHIPPS & Co. (limited).

By H. C. Frick, Chairman. All sorts of stories were afloat to-night. One was that the citizens had telegraphed Governor Pattison to come to Homestead and look over the field himself, so that he would be thoroughly familiar with the situation in the event of a call for troops.

The men are quiet, but determined to brook outside interference, and serious trouble can hardly be averted if the deputies attempt to take charge of the plant.

Sheriff McCleary was seen at his home late to-night. He said he would do nothing more until to-morrow, when he would consult his attorney. It was his intention, to prosecute, and if he could not do it, he would call upon the state for assistance. The men are indignant at the turn of the sheriff and claim that they have done nothing to warrant the intervention of the county officers.

On the other hand, the Carnegie people say that they have affidavits of several men who were prevented by the strikers from working.

AFTER NEW MEN.

Belief that the Homestead Works Will be Started Up Soon.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 5.--Mr. H. C. Frick, chairman of the Carnegie Steel Company (limited), went to the sheriff's office this morning and asked that all deputies be sent out to the works at Homestead as soon as possible to protect the steel works. Sheriff McCleary immediately sent up Deputy Gray to look over the ground and begin to collect the men. He said that while he is a friend of the workmen he would be a protect the works. The members of the Amalgamated Association were confident that the firm intends to make a test of strength within a very short time, for it could not well wait a year to break down the strictness of the watch. It was stated this morning that Manager Potter and about twenty of his superintendents are away in different places presumably searching for the 260 skilled workers, without whom it would be impossible to start the mill. This is accepted as a further indication of the management's desire to try and to start the mill at once.

MONMOUTH PARK RACES.

The Officers Arrested for Maintaining a Gambling House--The Races.

MONMOUTH PARK RACE TRACK, July 5.--The grand stand and betting ring were comfortable places to move about in this afternoon, yesterday's vast throng having been succeeded by a crowd well within the 4,000 mark. About two o'clock several law and order officers notified President A. F. Walcott, Secretary H. G. Crickmore and Starter James F. Row that they were under arrest, charged with unlawfully maintaining a gambling house. The three prisoners were taken before a justice of the peace sitting at Ocean Park, and released in \$100 each. Book-maker Lucius Appleby becoming their surety. The arrests were so quiet that the fact did not leak out until late in the afternoon. None of the book-makers were arrested.

First race--One mile; Strathmeath won, time, 1:45 1/2.

Second race--Six furlongs; Eagle Bird won, time, 1:16.

Third race--The Hackensack handicap, one mile; Locobatchee won, time, 1:40.

CANNOT ACCEPT.

Chairman Campbell's Unlucky Engagements will Not Permit Him to Act--He will Serve Until a Successor is Elected.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.--Hon. W. J. Campbell, chairman of the Republican national committee, arrived here this afternoon and went to the White House about 2:30, where he was in consultation until nearly 6 o'clock with the President, Secretary Rusak, Secretary Elkins, Commissioner Carter and ex-Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin.

At the conclusion of the conference, Chairman Campbell gave out the following statement for publication, saying he had nothing further to say with regard to the question at issue.

This is the statement referred to:

"When I was elected chairman of the national committee, it was with the distinct understanding that my business engagements then pending might render it impossible for me to accept in that capacity. This contingency was fully understood by the committee and others directly interested. Since the adjournment of the committee, I have been unable to adjust my affairs so as to render it practicable for me to act as chairman; and I therefore, as I reserved the right to do, announce that I will not so act.

"Under the authority vested in me by the national committee I will probably announce the executive committee within the next few days and that committee will meet at an early date. At that meeting I will formally tender my resignation and my successor will be then elected. My successor will be chosen by the executive committee as authorized by a resolution adopted by the national committee."

The resolution alluded to was adopted to meet just such a contingency as has arisen. The names most prominently mentioned to-night in connection with the chairmanship are Commissioner T. H. Carter, J. H. Manley, of Maine, Samuel Fessenden, of New Hampshire, and Mr. Hobart, of New Jersey.

EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

The State Meeting at Grafton--One of the Best in Its History.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

GRAFTON, W. VA., July 5.--The West Virginia Educational Association opened here to-day the most promising meeting in its history. The sessions are being held in the Methodist church, State Superintendent Morgan presiding. There was a large attendance at the afternoon and evening sessions. Superintendent Gettings, of Clarksburg, read a strong paper on the "Proper Stimulus in Education," and provoked an animated discussion, which was participated in by Messrs. Armstrong, Hodges, Low, Straus, Turner, Wilkinson and Hart.

At the evening session Mr. M. M. Dent, of Grafton, delivered the address of welcome, which was acknowledged by Principal Hodges, of Marshall College in a telling way. Mr. Charles Burdett Hart, of the INTELLIGENCER, delivered an address on "The Press and Public Education," to which Prof. Willey, Dr. Turner, and Professors Strauss, Leo, and David replied.

The session will continue tomorrow and Thursday.

THE "SINEWS OF WAR."

The People's Party Wants Money, and Wants It Very Badly.

OMAHA, NEB., July 5.--At the session of the People's national committee this afternoon resolutions were adopted as follows:

"Resolved, That the national committee of the People's party request the reform press to urge with all its force and influence that upon the 24th day of July, or as much earlier as possible, every People's party club and labor organization in the United States will meet and collect campaign funds for the national campaign; and that they then adjourn to meet again on the 16th day of August, the anniversary of the battle of Bennington, the first battle of the American revolution, and that on that day meetings be held in every township to collect funds for the national campaign, since without funds we cannot make the fight for reform with any hope of success.

"The people must sustain this campaign with their means as well as their votes or it may fail, and with it the hopes of the people for justice and prosperity, in this and all future generations. The meetings in country districts shall be held at 10 o'clock a. m. and the meetings in the villages and cities at 8 o'clock p. m., and all money collected shall be at once transmitted to M. C. Rankin, of Terre Haute, Ind., treasurer of the national committee of the People's party. And we suggest that on said 16th day of August, the people devote the day to this great work with speeches and festivities. And we further request that at each of such meetings a finance committee shall be appointed whose duty it shall be to make a thorough canvass of the township or precinct for contributions.

"We also urge that every speaker for the People's party shall take up collections for our national campaign fund wherever they may address the people.

"We would also urge that the ladies who are in sympathy with the People's party in the respective states shall be urged and requested by the reform press to form clubs for the collection of funds and the forwarding of our work.

The national committee of the People's party, say to their friends that there is a reasonable probability that the party will elect their candidates for President and Vice President if they are strong enough to put speakers in the field and supply the people with campaign literature."

People's Party Executive Committee.

OMAHA, NEB., July 5.--The national committee of the People's party met this afternoon, and organized by electing the following executive committee: H. E. Taubeneck, Illinois, chairman; J. H. Turner, Georgia, secretary; J. H. Davis, Texas; George Washburne, Massachusetts; V. O. Strickler, Nebraska; Ignatius Donnelly, Minnesota; G. F. Gaither, Alabama; M. C. Rankin, Indiana.

The committee has under consideration a proposition to make its headquarters at Omaha.

BRITISH ELECTIONS.

The Liberals in High Feather over Their Victories of Monday.

GLADSTONE MUCH ENCOURAGED

And Confident of Controlling Parliament--The Victory the Greatest Since 1870--Amenities of the Campaign--Stirring Scenes on the Hustings--Daniel O'Connor, Son of the Great Liberator, Opposing the Irish Cause--A Brighter Day Dawning for Ireland at Last.

LONDON, July 5.--The Star to-day says that if the average of yesterday's gains is only maintained it will give the Liberals a majority of one hundred and fifty members in the next Parliament, while it may be exceeded. The defeat yesterday of Sir T. Sutherland, the Liberal Unionist candidate at Greenock by Mr. John Bruce, (Liberal), is a deadly blow to the Unionists and the number of English Unionists will be reduced. With regard to London, the Radical triumph at Westmair precludes a roll of Metropolitan victories for the Radicals. Polling will be held in twenty-three London districts to-day. In the last Parliament seventeen of those seats were held by Conservatives.

Mr. Gladstone is jubilant over the results of yesterday's elections, especially the return of Mr. John Bruce, the Liberal candidate in Greenock.

D. B. Barton (Conservative) has been returned without opposition from the middle division of county Armagh. The total returns received to 3:30 o'clock this afternoon show the election of fifty-two Conservatives, forty-one Liberals and seven Liberal Unionists.

NOT HIS FATHER'S SON.

Daniel O'Connell, son of the great Irish liberator, is strongly supporting the candidature of the Right Hon. James Lowther, Conservative, in the Isle of Thanet, division of Kent. Upon being asked why he, an Irishman and a Catholic, did not follow in the footsteps of his father, Mr. O'Connell replied: "It is as an Irish Catholic that I vote for a Conservative. I have seen during the past six years the country wisely governed. Mr. Gladstone's home rule scheme would be most disastrous to Ireland."

A FLUCKY WOMAN.

Mrs. Cornwallis West, wife of Colonel Cornwallis West, the Liberal Unionist candidate in the State of Clyde, division of Denbighshire, Wales, is canvassing the district in behalf of her husband. To-day she tried to quell a row among the electors, who refused to hear the colonel speak. Amid cries of "Don't shout her down," she obtained a momentary hearing, but the disorder revived and she became very angry. She said: "I am an Irish woman, but it was not until I came to Wales that I found men capable of refusing to hear a woman who was pleading a cause."

She was stopped by a storm of yells and hisses. Then pluckily leaving the platform she forced her way through the mob to the platform from which the opposition orator was addressing a crowd and tried to argue him into silence. He shook his fists in her face and repelled all her attempts to argue with him.

There was the greatest sort of excitement in the crowd and finally a melee occurred around Mrs. Cornwallis-West, that forced her to return to the Unionist platform. The meeting broke up in a regular scrimmage.

Mr. William O'Brien, who was struck on the head with a stone yesterday as he was returning from a political meeting, at Cork, passed an uneasy night. The physicians who are in attendance upon him apprehend that his condition will become worse. His assailant, a laborer named John Sheehan, has been arrested.

Light Sentences.

PRAGUE, July 5.--The miners who were found guilty of having caused the frightful explosion in the Birkenberg silver mine, near Pribram, by which over 300 men lost their lives, have been sentenced. Kriz, who threw the burning wick which ignited the gases, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment; Kabedee was sent to prison for two years, while Havelka, who made a confession to the authorities, got off with eighteen months' imprisonment.

Paris Anarchists Arrested.

PARIS, July 5.--The police have arrested three dangerous anarchists named Derveaux, Maurice and Faron. Derveaux is supposed to have been implicated in the explosions that recently caused consternation in this city.

Dividing Up Morocco.

LONDON, July 5.--A Paris dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says: "A secret convention has been signed by England, Spain, and Italy for the partition of Morocco."

KANSAS DEMOCRATS

Meet To-Day--They May Not Face with the People's Party.

TOPEKA, KAN., July 5.--The Democratic state convention meets here to-morrow. Many of the delegates are in the city, but there no candidates for nomination, the general inference being that the Democrats will endorse the People's state ticket.

The only obstacle to fusion appears to be the certainty of the People's party leaders that they do not need Democratic assistance and say they can carry the state unaided. Of course they would not object to Democrats endorsing the People's party ticket, but the Democrats decline to do that unless some of the congressional nominees will receive the endorsement of the people's party. It looks now as if the leaders of the two parties would come to some agreement by which fusion will be arranged for.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair; east winds.

TEMPERATURE TUESDAY.

As furnished by C. Schreyer, druggist, corner Market and Foreman streets.